

# Section 1-4: Day 1

## Building Functions from Functions

- Students will be able to combine functions algebraically
- Students will be able to find and use composites of functions
- Students will be able to use relations and implicitly defined functions

## Combining Functions

### Algebraically

Let  $f$  and  $g$  be two functions with intersecting domains. Then for all values of  $x$  in the intersection, the algebraic combinations of  $f$  and  $g$  are defined by the following rules:

$$\text{Sum: } (f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$$

$$\text{Difference: } (f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$$

$$\text{Product: } (fg)(x) = f(x)g(x)$$

$$\text{Quotient: } \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}, \text{ provided } g(x) \neq 0$$

In each case, the domain of the new function consists of all numbers that belong to both the domain of  $f$  and the domain of  $g$ .

## Defining New Functions Algebraically

Let  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$

$D: (-\infty, \infty)$        $D: [-1, \infty)$

Find formulas for the functions below and give the domain of each.



$$f + g \quad f(x) + g(x) = x^2 + \sqrt{x+1} \quad [-1, \infty)$$

$$f - g \quad f(x) - g(x) = x^2 - \sqrt{x+1} \quad [-1, \infty)$$

$$fg \quad f(x)g(x) = x^2\sqrt{x+1} \quad [-1, \infty)$$

$$f/g \quad \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}} \neq 0 \quad (-1, \infty)$$

$$gg \quad g(x)g(x) = (\sqrt{x+1})^2 \quad *x+1 \neq 0 \quad [-1, \infty)$$

$x+1 \quad (-\infty, \infty)$

#1

$f(x) = \sqrt{x+5}$  and  $g(x) = |x+3|$

$D: [-5, \infty)$        $D: (-\infty, \infty)$

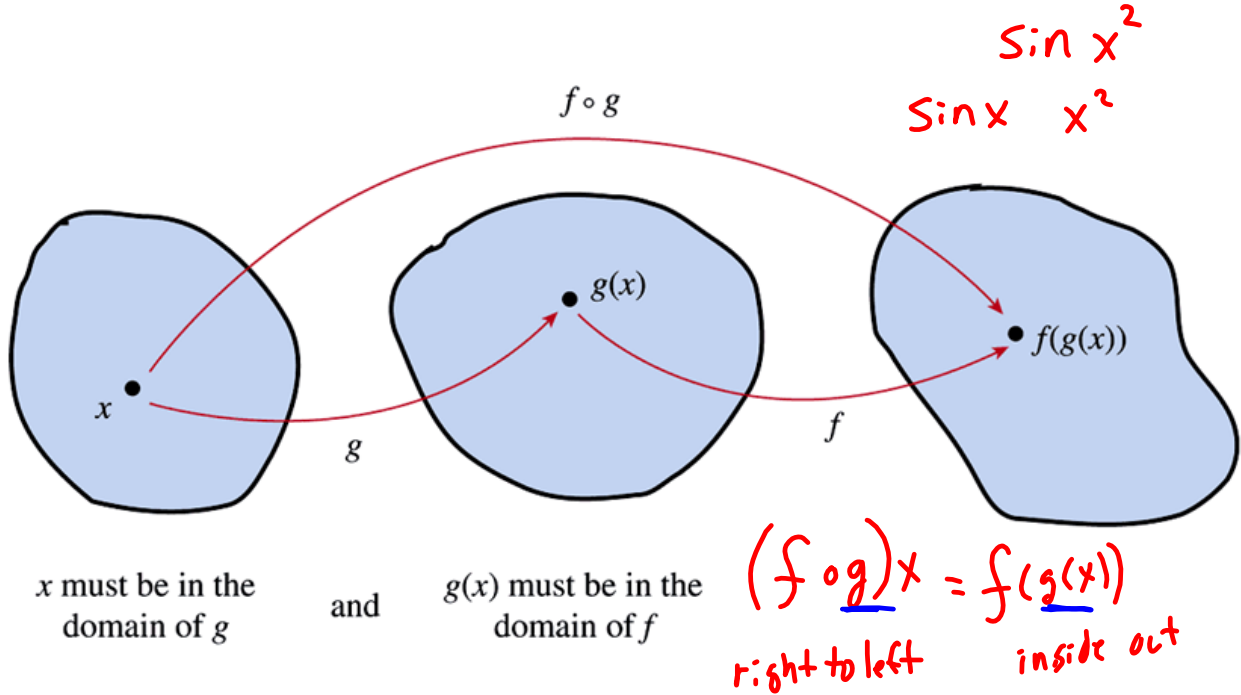
Find formulas for  $f + g$ ,  $f - g$  and  $fg$ . Give the domain of each.

$$f + g = \sqrt{x+5} + |x+3| \quad D: [-5, \infty)$$

$$f - g = \sqrt{x+5} - |x+3| \quad D: [-5, \infty)$$

$$fg = \sqrt{x+5} |x+3| \quad D: [-5, \infty)$$

# Composition of Functions



## Composition of Functions

Find  $(f \circ g)(3)$  and  $(g \circ f)(-2) = 5$

$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}; g(x) = 9 - x^2$

$$g(x) = 9 - x^2$$

$$g(3) = 9 - 3^2$$

$$= 9 - 9$$

$$g(3) = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{0}{0+1}$$

$$= \frac{0}{1}$$

$$f(0) = 0$$

$$f(-2) = \frac{-2}{-2+1}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{-1}$$

$$= 2$$

$$g(2) = 9 - 2^2$$

$$= 9 - 4$$

$$= 5$$

$$(g \circ f)(-2) = 5$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 0$$

## Composing Functions

Let  $f(x) = e^x$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ . Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and  $(g \circ f)(x)$  and verify numerically that the resulting functions are not the same.

$$(f \circ g)x = e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

let  $x=1$

$$(g \circ f)x = \sqrt{e^x}$$

$$e^1 = e \quad e \neq \sqrt{e}$$

$$\sqrt{e^1} = \sqrt{e}$$

$$(f \circ g)x \neq (g \circ f)x$$

graphically  
or  
domain

## Finding the Domain of a Composition

Let  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  and let  $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ . Find the domains of the composite functions...  $(-\infty, \infty)$   $[0, \infty)$

$$g \circ f \quad g(f(x)) = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 1$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

$$D: (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$f \circ g$$

$$f(g(x)) = (\sqrt{x})^2 - 1$$

$$= x - 1$$

$$x - 1 \text{ tricky} *$$

$$D [0, \infty)$$

HW 3 - 15 by 3's, 16-20 all