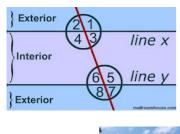
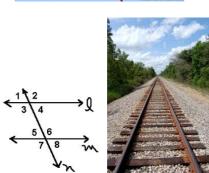
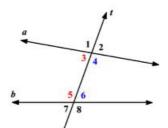
3.2 Use Parallel Lines and Transversals

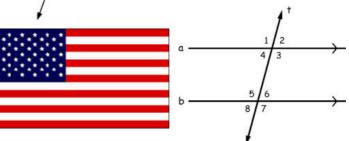
Goal: Use angles formed by parallel lines and transversals.





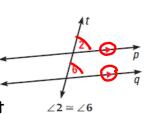






Corresponding Angles Postulate -

if two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then the pairs of corresponding angles are congruent



Identify congruent angles

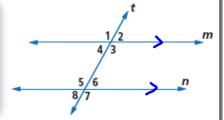
Find the remaining angle measures.

$$0^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$
 $12^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$

Parallel Lines Theorem

If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal:

- 1. Alternate interior angles are congruent.
- 2. Alternate exterior angles are congruent.
- 3. Same-side interior angles are supplementary.



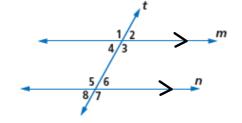
alternate interior angles -
$$\frac{24}{43} = \frac{26}{45}$$

alternate exterior angles -
$$\frac{21}{24} \approx \frac{27}{28}$$

same side interior angles -
$$\frac{14}{13} + \frac{15}{16} = 180^{\circ}$$
 (consecutive side)

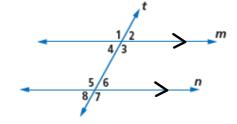
Alternate Interior Angles Theorem -

if two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then the pairs of alternate interior angles are congruent



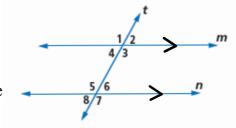
Alternate Exterior Angles Theorem -

if two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then the pairs of alternate exterior angles are congruent



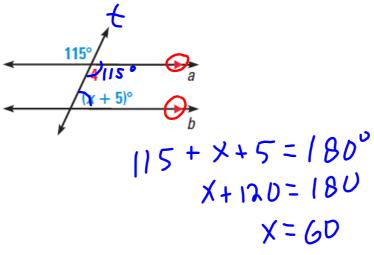
Consecutive Interior Angles Theorem -

if two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then the pairs of consecutive interior angles are supplementary



Use properties of parallel lines

 \bigcirc ALGEBRA Find the value of x.

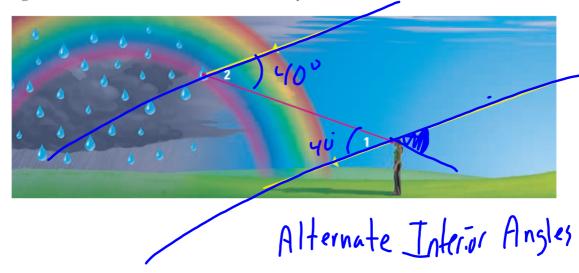


Use the diagram at the right.

- 1. If $m \angle 1 = 105^\circ$, find $m \angle 4$, $m \angle 5$, and $m \angle 8$. Tell which postulate or theorem you use in each case.
- 1/2 5/6 68°3/4 6878 2×14
- 2. If $m \angle 3 = 68^{\circ}$ and $m \angle 8 = (2x + 4)^{\circ}$, what is the value of x? Show your steps.

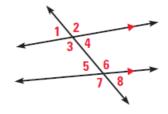
$$68 + 2 \times + 4 = 180^{\circ}$$
 $2x + 72 = 180$
 $2x = 108$
 $x = 54^{\circ}$

SCIENCE When sunlight enters a drop of rain, different colors of light leave the drop at different angles. This process is what makes a rainbow. For violet light, $m \angle 2 = 40^\circ$. What is $m \angle 1$? How do you know?



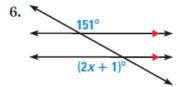
Test Your Knowledge

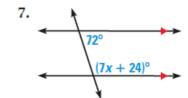
- 1. $\angle 2$ and $\underline{?}$ are corresponding angles.
- **2.** $\angle 3$ and $\underline{?}$ are consecutive interior angles.
- **3.** $\angle 3$ and $\underline{?}$ are alternate interior angles.
- **4.** $\angle 2$ and $\underline{?}$ are alternate exterior angles.



Find the value of x.







F	HW: Pg 149 #'s 1-33, 35		