

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{5x+6}{x^2+2x} dx$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^b \frac{5x+6}{x^2+2x} dx$$

$$u = x^2 + 2x$$

$$du = 2x + 2 dx$$

MM

$$\frac{A}{x(x+2)}$$

$$5 \int_1^b \frac{x}{x^2+2x} dx + \int_1^b \frac{6}{x^2+2x} dx$$

$$5 \int_1^b \frac{1}{x+2} dx$$

$$5 [\ln(b+2) - \ln 3]$$

$$\int_{-1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+5x+6} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+2)(x+3)} = \frac{A}{x+2} + \frac{B}{x+3}$$

$$1 = A(x+3) + B(x+2)$$

$$1 = B(-1)$$

$$B = -1 \quad A = 1$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-1}^b \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+3} dx$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[\ln \frac{x+2}{x+3} \right]_b$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[\ln \left(\frac{b+2}{b+3} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$0 - \ln(2)^{-1}$$

$$\ln 2$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b+2}{b+3}$$

$$\int_2^{\infty} \frac{3}{x^2 - x} dx$$

$$\frac{3}{x(x-1)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x-1}$$

$$3 = A(x-1) + B(x)$$

$$B=3 \quad A=-3$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^b \left(\frac{-3}{x} + \frac{3}{x-1} \right) dx$$

$$-3 \ln x + 3 \ln |x-1|$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} x \ln x \, dx$$

$uv - \int v \, du$

$x \ln x - \frac{1}{2} x^2$

$u = \ln x \quad dv = x \, dx$
 $du = \frac{1}{x} \, dx \quad v = \frac{1}{2} x^2$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln x - \frac{1}{4} x^2 \right]_1^a$$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln x - \frac{1}{4} x^2 \right]_1^a$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \ln a - \frac{1}{4} a^2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} (1)^2 \ln(1) - \frac{1}{4} (1)^2 \right)$$

DIV

(32) $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^3+1} dx$



$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^b \frac{1}{x^3+1} dx$

$0 \leq \frac{1}{x^3+1} \leq \frac{1}{2}$

$0 \leq \frac{1}{x^3+1} \leq \frac{1}{x^3}$

$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^b \frac{1}{x^3} dx = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[-\frac{1}{2x^2} \right]_1^b$
 $\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{1}{2b^2} - \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)$

$\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$

30) $\int_{-1}^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}} dx$

$|x| = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ -x & x < 0 \end{cases}$

$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^-} \int_{-1}^b \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x}} + \lim_{a \rightarrow 0^+} \int_a^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

$$(28) \int_0^4 \frac{e^{-\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$u = -\sqrt{x}$$

$$du = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

~~$$u = -\sqrt{x}$$~~

$$du = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$du = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$-2du = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^+} -2 \int_b^4 e^u du$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^+} -2 \left[e^u \right]_{x=b}^{x=4}$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^+} -2 \left[e^{-\sqrt{x}} \right]_b^4$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^+} -2e^{-2} + 2e^{-\sqrt{b}}$$

$$-2e^{-2} + 2$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx$$

$$(e^x)^2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} + 1} dx$$

$$\int_{x=-\infty}^{x=\infty} \frac{1}{u^2 + 1} du$$

$$\frac{1}{e^x + \frac{1}{e^x}} dx$$

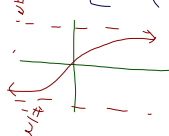
$$\frac{e^x}{e^{2x} + 1} dx$$

$$u = e^x \quad du = e^x dx$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\tan^{-1}(b)}^0 \frac{1}{u^2 + 1} du + \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^a \frac{1}{u^2 + 1} du$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[\tan^{-1}(e^x) \right]_b^0 + \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[\tan^{-1}(e^x) \right]_0^a$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[\tan^{-1}(e^0) - \tan^{-1}(e^b) \right] + \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[\tan^{-1}(e^a) - \tan^{-1}(e^0) \right]$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} - 0 + \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) - \frac{\pi}{4}$$


$$\textcircled{22} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2x e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= -x^2 \\ du &= -2x dx \\ -du &= 2x dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_b^0 \cancel{2x} e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$+ \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 2x e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \int e^u du \\ & -e^{-x^2} \\ \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} & \left[-e^0 + \underset{\frac{1}{e^b}}{+e^{-b^2}} \right]_0 \\ & [-1 + 0] \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{x^3+1} \right) dx$$

$$0 \leq \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^3+1} dx \leq \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^3} dx$$

$$x^2 \left(x + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x^2}} \left(\frac{x^2}{x^3+1} \right)$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[-\frac{1}{2x^2} \right]_1^b$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[\cancel{-\frac{1}{2b^2}} - \frac{1}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int_{-1}^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}} dx$$

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ -x & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x}} dx$$

$$\int_0^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\lim_{b \rightarrow 0^-} \int_{-1}^b \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x}} dx$$

$$+ \lim_{a \rightarrow 0^+} \int_a^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

26, 31, 33, 37, 39, 40, 42, 48-52