

Warm-Up

★ MULTIPLE CHOICE The equation $17 - \frac{1}{4}x^2 = 12$ has a solution between which two integers?

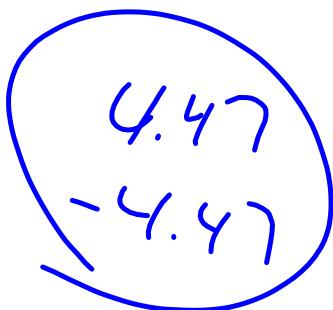
- (A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 and 3 (C) 3 and 4 (D) 4 and 5

$$-17 + 17 - \frac{1}{4}x^2 = 12 - 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}x^2 = -5 - 4$$

$$x^2 = \sqrt{10}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{10}$$



Chapter 9

Day 10

Solve Quadratic Equations
by the Quadratic Formula

$$Ax^2 + Bx + C = 0$$

$$X = \frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

Factoring
Completing the square

Graphing

*We use the **Quadratic Formula** to solve any quadratic that cannot be factored and has both an x^2 and x term!

*This formula will **ALWAYS** work!

Quadratic Formula

Before substituting values for a, b, and c, rearrange your equation into the form $ax^2+bx+c=0$.

$$\boxed{A}x^2 + \boxed{B}x + \boxed{C} = 0$$

$$x = -\boxed{B} \pm \frac{\sqrt{\boxed{B}^2 - 4 \boxed{A} \boxed{C}}}{2 \boxed{A}}$$



2

Solve each equation with the quadratic formula.

$$2x^2 - 3x - 5 = 0$$

$$A=2$$

$$B=-3$$

$$C=-5$$

$$X = \frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

$$= \frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 + 4(2)(-5)}}{2(2)}$$

$$= \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 40}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{49}}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3 \pm 7}{4}$$

$$X = \frac{10}{4} \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \hline 5 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 1 \end{array}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{4} \\ \text{+} \\ 4b^2 + 8b + 7 = 4 \\ \hline 4b^2 + 8b + 3 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$A=4$$

$$B=8$$

$$C=3$$

$$x = \frac{-(8) \pm \sqrt{8^2 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3}}{2 \cdot 4}$$

$$= \frac{-8 \pm \sqrt{44 + 48}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-8 \pm \sqrt{14}}{8}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8 \pm 4 \\ \hline 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -\frac{4}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -\frac{12}{8} \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{array}$$

$$1 \quad | \quad 5x^2 + 9x = -4 \quad | \quad 4$$

$$5x^2 + 9x + 4 = 0$$

$$A = 5$$

$$B = 9$$

$$C = 4$$

$$X = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{9^2 - 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 4}}{2 \cdot 5}$$

$$= \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 80}}{10}$$

$$= \frac{-9 \pm 1}{10} \quad X = \frac{-4}{5}, -1$$

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{-9 \pm 1}{10}}}$$

$$, 6x - 9x^2 - 11 = 6x + 6x$$

$$9x^2 - 6x - 11 = 0$$

$$A=9$$

$$B=-6$$

$$C=-11$$

$$X = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4 \cdot 9 \cdot -11}}{2 \cdot 9}$$

$$= \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 + 396}}{18}$$

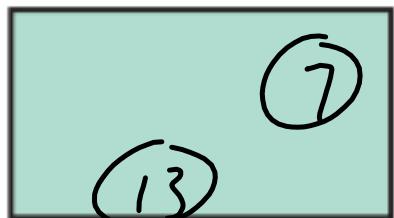
$$-0.82 = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{432}}{18}$$

$$1.49 \quad (6 \pm \sqrt{432}) \div 18$$

$$(6 + \sqrt{432}) \div 18$$

Find the dimensions of the rectangle.

$$A = 91 \text{ m}^2$$



$$(x + 2) \text{ m}$$

$$(x+2)(2x+3) = 91$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 + 3x + 4x + 6 = 91 \\ -91 \quad -91 \\ \hline 2x^2 + 7x + 6 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$2x^2 + 7x + 85 = 0$$

$$A = 2$$

$$B = 7$$

$$C = 85$$

$$x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{7^2 + 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 85}}{2 \cdot 2}$$

$$= \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 + 680}}{4}$$

$$- \frac{34}{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ \times 7 \frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 35 \frac{1}{2} \\ - 35 \frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{729}}{4}$$

$$\frac{-7 + 27}{4}$$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jGJrH49Z2ZA>